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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

SuperNail Cuticle Oil	DATE:	5/22/2007
30-2322	REV.	NEW
31635, 31640, 31645		
American International Industries 2220 Gaspar Ave		
(800) 255-3924		
	30-2322 31635, 31640, 31645 American International Industries 2220 Gaspar Ave Los Angeles, CA 90040	30-2322REV.31635, 31640, 31645American International IndustriesAmerican International Industries2220 Gaspar AveLos Angeles, CA 900404000000000000000000000000000000000000

Section 2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Ingredients:

Component

CAS #

%

TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

No Hazardous Ingredients

Section 3. Hazardous Identification

Potential Health Effects, Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Primary Route of Er	ntry: Skin
Eye:	This product is minimally irritating to the eyes upon direct contact. Based on testing of similar products and/or components.
Skin:	This product is not expected to cause any skin irritation upon direct single or repeated and prolonged contact; however; similar chemical composition products applied to the skin of laboratory animals resulted in minimal to slight dermal irritation.
Ingestion:	This product is relatively non-toxic by ingestion unless aspiration occurs. Aspiration may lead to chemical pneumonitis which is characterized by pulmonary edema and hemorrhage and may be fatal. Signs of lung involvement include increased respiratory rate, increased heart rate and a bluish discoloration of the skin. Coughing, choking, and gagging are often noted at the time of aspiration. Gastrointestinal discomfort may develop, followed by vomiting with a further risk of aspiration. This product has laxative properties and may result in abdominal cramps and diarrhea.
Inhalation:	This product has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. Caution should be taken to prevent aerosolization or misting of this product.

Section 4. First Aid Measures



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First Aid for Eye:	Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water and continue flushing until irritation	
	subsides. If material is hot, treat for thermal burns and seek immediate medical attention.	
First Aid for Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing. If material is hot, submerge injured area in cold water. If	
	victim is severely burned, remove to a hospital immediately.	
First Aid for Inhalation:	This material has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation exposure at	
	ambient conditions.	
First Aid for Ingestion:	May act as a laxative. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard. If vomiting should	
	occur, lower head below knees to avoid aspiration. Seek immediate medical attention.	

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point (°F/°C):	320°F (160°C) (ASTM D-92 (COC)
Flammable Limit (vol%):	No data available
Auto-ignition Temp. (vol%)	No data available
Extinguisher Media:	Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Conditions:	Dense smoke may be generated while burning. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Spill or ReleaseNotify appropriate authorities of spill. Contain spill immediately. Do not allow spill to enter sewers or
watercourses. Absorb with appropriate inert material such as sand, clay, etc. Large spills may be
picked up using vacuum pumps, shovels, buckets, or other means and placed in drums or other
suitable containers.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

- Handling: Avoid breathing vapors or mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash clothing prior to reuse. May be slippery when spilled.
- Storage: Do not transfer to unmarked containers. Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, or oxidizing materials.

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Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

This product does not contain any components with OSHA or ACGIH exposure limits. If oil mist is generated, exposure limits apply. OSHA PEL: TWA 5mg/M ³ ACGIH TLV: TWA 5mg/m ³ ; STEL 10/mg/m ³		
Personal Protective E	quipment	
Eye/Face Protection:	Eye protection is not required under conditions of normal use. If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, wear plastic face shield or splash-proof safety goggles.	
Skin Protection:	No skin protection is required for single, short duration exposures. For prolonged or repeated exposures, use impervious clothing (boots, gloves, aprons, etc.) over parts of the body subject to exposure. If handling hot material, use insulated protective clothing (boots, gloves, aprons, etc.).	
Respiratory Protection	Respiratory protection is not required under conditions of normal use. If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, use an organic vapor respirator with a dust and mist filter. All respirators must be NIOSH certified.	
Personal Hygiene:	Consumption of food and beverages should be avoided in work areas where hydrocarbons are present. Always wash hands and face with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking.	
Engineering Controls/Work Practices Ventilation:	If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, adequate ventilation in accordance with good engineering practice must be provided to maintain concentrations below the specified exposure or flammable limits.	

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance @ 25°C:	Transparent light orange liquid	Decomposition Temperature:	Not applicable
Odor @ 25°C:	Odorless	Vapor Pressure:	<0.1 mm Hg @ 68°F
рН	No data available	Vapor Density:	> 1 (air=1)
Specific Gravity:	0.83 @ 60/60°F	Evaporation Rate:	<1 (EE=1)
Ignition:	Not applicable		
% Volatile	40.00-42.00		
Boiling Point	500 - 800°F (260-427.7°C)		
Solubility	Negligible in water. Soluble in hy	/drocarbons.	

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Stable



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Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

May react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur

Conditions to Avoid: High heat and open flames

Section 11. Toxicological Information

CARCINOGENICITY:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has concluded that highly refined mineral oils are Group 3 substances, "Not Classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans," based on inadequate human and inadequate animal evidence. IARC has also concluded that there is no evidence for the carcinogenicity to experimental animals of white oils when administered by routes other than by interaperitoneal injection.

This product is not carcinogenic according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Contextingle signal information		
Ecotoxicological Information		
Acute Toxicity to Fish:		
-	No data available	
	No data avaliable	
Acute Toxicity to Invertebrates:		
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	No data available	
Acute Toxicity to Algae		
Acute Toxicity to Algae		
	No data available	
Disconception	Ne dete evellete	
Bioconcentration:	No data available	
Toxicity to Sewage Bac	storia	
Toxicity to octage bat		
	No data available	
Chamical Cata Informa	<u> </u>	
Chemical Fate Information	tion	
Biodegradability:	No data available	
0 ,		
Chemical Oxygen Dem	land:	
	No data available	



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Section 13. Disposable Considerations

Regulatory - All disposals must comply with federal, state, and local regulations. The material, if spilled or discarded, may be a regulated waste. Refer to state and local regulations. Caution! If regulated solvents are used to clean up spilled material, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated. Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations may apply for transporting this material when spilled.

Waste Disposal Methods - Waste material may be land filled or incinerated at an approved facility. Materials should be recycled if possible.

Section 14. Transportation Information

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Highway / Rail (Bulk): Not Regulated Highway / Rail (Non-Bulk): Not Regulated

International Information

Vessel (IMDG): Not Regulated Air (ICAO): Not Regulated

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Regulatory information available upon request. Inventories: Australian (AICS): Listed Listed Canadian (DSL): Listed Chinese: Listed EC/EINECS: Japanese ENCS: Listed Korean (KCL): Listed Philippine (PICCS): Listed U.S. (TSCA): Listed

Section 16. Other Information

No additional information available.