

Out The Door Fast Drying Top Coat

*** SECTION I: General Information (Product Manufacturer) ***

NAIL CARTEL/INTER NAIL MANUFACTURER Emer. Phone: () -
1221 N. LAKEVIEW AVENUE Info. Phone: (800) 541-9838
ANAHEIM CA 92807 Date Prepared: 4/26/1996
Date Revised : 0/00/0000
EPA #: H=Haz/O=ORM-D: 0

*** SECTION II: Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information ***

Hazardous Component	CAS Req #	OSHA PEL
Ethyl Acetate ACGIH TLV: 400 ppm Other:	141786	400 ppm %: 30-45
N-Butyl Acetate ACGIH TLV: 150 ppm Other:	123864	150 ppm %: 20-35
Isopropyl Alcohol ACGIH TLV: 400 ppm Other:	67630	400 ppm %: .2-5
Dibutyl Phthalate ACGIH TLV: 5 mg/m3 Other:	84742	5 mg/m3 %: 1-5
Nitrocellulose ACGIH TLV: NE Other:	9004700	NE %: .2-5

*** SECTION III: Physical/Chemical Characteristics ***

Specific Gravity: .948-.984 Method: H2O=1
Vapor Pressure: 35-42 mmhg Melting Point: NL
Vapor Density: 3.2-3.6 Evaporation Rate: 2-3.3
Solubility in Water: Approx. 4% Boiling Point: 171-228F
Appearance and Odor:
Transparent viscous solution with esters odor.

*** SECTION IV: Fire and Explosion Hazard Data ***

Flash Point: 55 F Flammable Limits: LEL 1.45
Method: TCC UEL 8.2

Extinguishing Methods:

Water for Nitrocellulose in large volume, dry chemical, CO2 or universal type foam. Water is most effective fire extinguishing medium for Nitrocellulose. It is recommended to be used in large volume. Dry chemical, CO2 or a universal type foam could be used to extinguish small fires.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

High heat on drums of this material will cause the evaporation of solvent contents, resulting in an increase in pressure causing the release of the drum lid or even the drum explosion. Don't approach fires involving this material before cooling the drums

*** SECTION IV: Fire and Explosion Hazard Data *** (cont.)

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: (cont.)

in fire to decrease the chance of drum lid release or drum explosion. Fight fires from a safe distance.

Self-contained breathing apparatus should be used, to eliminate or minimize breathing vapor, fumes or gases released from the decomposed product. Use water to keep fireexposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures. Avoid spreading burning material with water.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Vapor is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. This material is flammable and may be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity.

*** SECTION V: Reactivity Data ***

Stability: Stable Corrosive? Polymerization? N

Conditions to Avoid:

Flame, electric spark, static and heat.

Incompatibility:

This product is incompatible with strong acids or bases and oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:

Thermal decomposition in the presence of air may yield carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and nitrogen oxides. Under some conditions, methane, irritating aldehydes and carboxylic acids and hydrogen cyanide may be formed.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur

Polymerization Conditions:

NL

*** SECTION VI: Health Hazard Data ***

Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation? Y Skin? Y Eye? Y Ingestion? Y

Carcinogenicity: NTP? N IARC Monographs? N OSHA Regulated? N

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):

EYE: This product may cause eye irritation. Direct contact with this material or exposure to its vapors or mists (greater than approximately 1000 ppm) may cause burning, tearing and redness and swelling.

SKIN: This product may cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure to this material may cause redness and burning, drying and cracking of the skin and dermatitis. Persons with pre-existing skin disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of this material.

INHALATION: Breathing high concentrations of vapors or mists may cause irritation of the nose and throat. Signs of nervous system depression (e.g., drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination, and fatigue).

*** SECTION VI: Health Hazard Data *** (cont.)

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): (cont.)

Respiratory symptoms associated with pre-existing lung disorders (e.g., Asthma-like conditions). may be aggravated by exposure to the vapors of this material.

INGESTION: Ingestion of excessive quantities may cause irritation of the digestive tract. Signs of nervous system depression (e.g., drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination and fatigue).

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Respiratory symptoms associated with pre-existing lung disorders (e.g., Asthma-like conditions), may be aggravated by exposure to the vapors of this material.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

NL

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

SKIN: Remove all contaminated clothing. Cleanse affected areas thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek medical attention.

INHALATION: If symptoms of exposure develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek immediate medical attention. If victim is not breathing, artificial respiration should be administered by qualified personnel. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: Seek medical attention, if victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on left side with head down. Do not give anything by mouth. If victim is conscious and alert, vomiting should be induced for ingestion of large amounts (more than 5 ounces in an adult) preferably with syrup of IPECAC under direction from a physician or poison center. If syrup of IPECAC is not available, vomiting can be induced by giving 3 tablespoons of liquid dishwashing soap in a glass of water, or by gently placing 2 fingers in the back of the throat. If possible, do not leave victim unattended. Seek medical attention.

EYES: Move victim away from exposure to vapors and into fresh air. If irritation or redness develops, seek medical attention. For direct contact flush the effected eye(s) with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

*** SECTION VII: Precautions for Safe Handling and Use ***

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:
Stay upwind and away from spill. Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill. If spill is indoors, ventilate area of spill. Keep out of drains, sewers or waterways. Use sand or other inert material to dam and contain spill. Do not flush with water; use absorbent pads. For large spill call response team and notify appropriate state/local agencies. Immediately notify the National Response Center - (800-424-8802) in case if the spill is in excess of EPA reportable quantity.

** SECTION VII: Precautions for Safe Handling and Use ** (cont.)

Waste Disposal Method:

Empty containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storage:

Keep containers tightly closed. Keep containers cool, dry and away from sources of ignition. Use and store this product with adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors and personal contact with the product. Use good personal hygiene practice.

Other Precautions:

Empty containers retain residue of this material and its vapors, which can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks or any other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly shipped to disposal or drum conditioner. Empty container should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner in accordance with governmental regulations.

*** SECTION VIII: Control Measures ***

Ventilation? Y Pressurized? N Container Type: NL

Respiratory Protection:

When vapor concentrations exceed the established exposure limits, respiratory protection is necessary. Depending on the airborne concentration, use a respirator or gas mask with appropriate cartridges and canisters (NIOSH approved organic vapor) or supplied air equipment.

Ventilation:

The ventilation should be designed to be able to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits. Spilled materials may present a slipping hazard if left unattended, additional ventilation or exhaust systems may be required. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Protective Gloves:

The use of gloves impermeable to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact and possible irritation.

Eye Protection:

Use splash goggles (NIOSH approved) to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation or injury.

Work/Hygienic Practices:

Keep containers and storage containers closed when not in use. Do not store near heat, sparks, flame and strong oxidants. While transferring this material, the containers used in this process has to be effectively grounded (ultimately to an earth ground) to prevent fire or explosion risk from static accumulation in accordance with the Nation Fire Protection Association standard for petroleum products.

PERSONAL HYGIENE: Minimize breathing vapor or mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Maintain a source of clean water to be available in work area for flushing eyes and skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before use.

*** SECTION VIII: Control Measures *** (cont.)

Work/Hygienic Practices (cont.)

Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean and dry before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by waterless hand cleaners or solvents (Acetone or esters) followed by washing with soap and water. Impervious clothing should be worn as needed.

This MSDS covers these requested SKUs:

SKU	SIZE	DESCRIPTION
505010	1/2 OZ	OUT THE DOOR FAST DRYING TOP COAT

The information contained herein is based on the data available
to us and is believed to be correct to the best of our ability.
*However, Sally Beauty Supply LLC makes no warranty, expressed or *
*implied regarding the accuracy of this data nor assumes any *
*responsibility for injury from the intentional or non- *
*intentional misuse of this product. *
