



M A T E R I A L S A F E T Y D A T A S H E E T

PRODUCT NAME: **WASH THINNER**
PRODUCT CODE: 99

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Preparation Date: 08/05/04

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: **99 Wash Thinner**
SAP MATERIAL NO.: 5036022 000 00B
GENERAL OR GENERIC ID: SOLVENT BLEND
COMPANY NAME: PBE Jobbers Warehouse
COMPANY ADDRESS: 2899 Syene Road
Madison, WI 53713
COMPANY PHONE: 1-800-225-5723
EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-424-9300

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Ingredient(s)</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>% (by weight)</u>
METHYL ALCOHOL	67-56-1	39.0 - 39.0
TOLUENE	108-88-3	37.0 - 37.0
ACETONE	67-64-1	10.0 - 14.0
ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64742-89-8	7.0 – 11.0
2,2-DIMETHOXYPROPANE	77-76-9	1.0 – 3.6

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye:

Can cause eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness and swelling of eyes.

Skin:

May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, and may add to toxic effects from breathing or swallowing.

Swallowing:

Swallowing this material may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury.

Inhalation:

Breathing of vapor or mist is possible. Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms usually occur at air concentrations higher than the recommended exposure limits (See Section 8).

Symptoms of Exposure:

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: metallic taste, stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), cough, central nervous system excitation (giddiness, liveliness, light-headed feeling) followed by central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects, temporary changes in mood and behavior, leg cramps, muscle weakness, pain in the abdomen and lower back, blurred vision, shortness of breath, loss of coordination, confusion, irregular heartbeat, cyanosis (causes blue coloring of the skin and nails from lack of oxygen), high blood sugar, visual



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impairment (including blindness), coma and death.

Target Organ Effects:

This material (or component) shortens the time of onset or worsens the liver and kidney damage induced by other chemicals. Exposure to lethal concentrations of methanol has been shown to cause damage to organs including liver, kidneys, pancreas, heart, lungs and brain. Although this rarely occurs, survivors of severe intoxication may suffer from permanent neurological damage. Prolonged intentional toluene abuse may lead to damage to many organ systems having effects on: central and peripheral nervous systems, vision, hearing, liver, kidneys, heart and blood. Such abuse has been associated with brain damage characterized by disturbances in gait, personality changes and loss of memory. Comparable central nervous system effects have not been shown to result from occupational exposure to toluene. Prolonged intentional toluene abuse may lead to hearing loss progressing to deafness. In addition, while noise is known to cause hearing loss in humans, it has been suggested that workers exposed to organic solvents, including toluene, along with noise may suffer greater hearing loss than would be expected from exposure to noise alone. Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: mild, reversible kidney effects, blood abnormalities, cardiac sensitization, respiratory tract damage (nose, throat and airways), effects on hearing, central nervous system damage. Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans: cardiac sensitization, kidney damage, visual impairment.

Developmental Information:

This material (or a component) has been shown to cause harm to fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. Toluene may be harmful to the human fetus based on positive test results with laboratory animals. Case studies show that prolonged intentional abuse of the toluene during pregnancy can cause birth defects in humans. Methanol has caused birth defects in laboratory animals, but only when inhaled at extremely high vapor concentrations. The relevance of this finding to humans is uncertain.

Cancer Information:

Based on the available information, this material cannot be classified with regard to carcinogenicity. This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer, the National Toxicology Program, or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Other Health Effects:

No data.

Primary Route(s) of Entry:

Inhalation, skin absorption, skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes:

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart; seek immediate medical attention.

Skin:

Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with large amounts of water. If skin is damaged, seek immediate medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Swallowing:

Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

Inhalation:



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If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Keep person warm and quiet; seek immediate medical attention.

Note to Physicians:

Inhalation of high concentrations of this material, as could occur in enclosed spaces or during deliberate abuse, may be associated with cardiac arrhythmias. Sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in persons exposed to this material. This product contains methanol, which can cause intoxication and central nervous system depression. Methanol is metabolized to formic acid and formaldehyde. These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. Ethanol competes for the same metabolic pathway and has been used to prevent methanol metabolism. Ethanol administration is indicated in symptomatic patients or at blood methanol concentrations above 20 ug/dl. Methanol is effectively removed by hemodialysis. Fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole) is an effective antagonist of alcohol dehydrogenase, and as such, may be used as an antidote in the treatment of ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and methanol poisoning. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity (See Section 3 – Swallowing) when deciding whether to induce vomiting. This material (or a component) has produced hyperglycemia and ketosis following substantial ingestion. Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: respiratory tract, skin, lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), liver, kidney, central nervous system, pancreas, gastrointestinal system, heart, blood-forming system, auditory system. Exposure to this material may aggravate any preexisting condition sensitive to a decrease in available oxygen, such as chronic lung disease, coronary artery disease or anemias. Individuals with preexisting heart disorders may be more susceptible to arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats) if exposed to high concentrations of this material.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point:

-1.0 F (-18.3 C) TCC

Explosive Limit:

(for component) Lower 1.2 Upper 36.0%

Auto ignition Temperature:

No data

Hazardous Products of Combustion:

May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

Extinguishing Media:

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions:

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full-face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

NFPA Rating:

Health - 2, Flammability - 3, Reactivity - 0



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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spill:

Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material and transfer to hood.

Large Spill:

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing proper personal protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five-gallon pails and larger metal containers, including tank cars and tank trucks, should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred. Emergency eyewash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of potential exposure. Warning. Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without the presence of obvious ignition sources. Published "auto ignition" or "ignition" temperature values cannot be treated as safe operating temperatures in chemical processes without analysis of the actual process conditions. Any use of this product in elevated temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain safe operating conditions.

Storage:

Do not store near extreme heat, open flame, or sources of ignition.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection:

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

Skin Protection:

Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier). To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

Respiratory Protections:

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see exposure guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (see your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Engineering Controls:

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

Exposure Guidelines:

Component

METHYL ALCOHOL (67-56-1)

OSHA PEL 200.000 ppm - TWA



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OSHA VPEL 200.000 ppm - TWA (Skin)

OSHA VPEL 250.000 ppm - STEL (Skin)

ACGIH TLV 200.000 ppm - TWA (Skin)

ACGIH TLV 250.000 ppm - STEL (Skin)

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

OSHA PEL 200.000 ppm - TWA

OSHA PEL 300.000 ppm - Ceiling

OSHA VPEL 100.000 ppm - TWA

OSHA VPEL 150.000 ppm - STEL

ACGIH TLV 50.000 ppm - TWA (Skin)

ACGIH TLV 150.000 ppm - STEL (Skin)

ACETONE (67-64-1)

OSHA PEL 1000.000 ppm - TWA

OSHA VPEL 750.000 ppm - TWA

OSHA VPEL 1000.000 ppm - STEL

ACGIH TLV 500.000 ppm - TWA

ACGIH TLV 750.000 ppm - STEL

ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (64742-89-8)

OSHA VPEL 300.000 ppm - TWA

OSHA VPEL 400.000 ppm - STEL

ACGIH TLV 300.000 ppm - TWA

2,2-DIMETHOXYPROPANE (77-76-9)

No exposure limits established

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point:

(for component) 133.0 F (56.1 C)

Vapor Pressure:

(for blend) 88.7 mmHg

Non-Exempt Vapor Pressure:

(for blend) 70.1 mmHg

Volatile Organic Compounds:

(for blend) 6.76 lbs/gal (810.03 g/l)

Non-Exempt Volatile Organic Compounds:

(for blend) 5.97 lbs/gal (715.36 g/l)

Specific Vapor Density:



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> 1.000 @ AIR = 1

Specific Gravity:

.798 - .830 @ 68.00 F

Liquid Density:

6.760 lbs/gal @ 68.00 F

.798 - .830 kg/l @ 20.00 C

Percent Volatiles:

No data

Evaporation Rate:

SLOWER THAN ETHYL ETHER

Appearance:

CLEAR AND PARTICLE FREE

State:

LIQUID

Physical Form:

HOMOGENOUS SOLUTION

Color:

WATER CLEAR

Odor:

No data

pH:

Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous Polymerization:

Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition:

May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Chemical Stability:

Stable.

Incompatibility:

Avoid contact with: acids, amines, reactive metals such as aluminum and magnesium, strong alkalies, strong oxidizing agents.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION



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Waste Management Information:

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds or estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. For assistance with your waste management needs – including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Ashland Distribution Company, IC&S Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Information - 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Description:

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, UN1263, II

Container/Mode:

55 gal drum/truck package

NOS Component:

Not Applicable

RQ (Reportable Quantity) - 49 CFR 172.101

<u>Product Quantity (lbs)</u>	<u>Component</u>
2670	TOLUENE
12771	METHANOL
40764	ACETONE

Other Transportation Information:

The DOT Transport Information may vary with the container and mode of shipment.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations:

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Status

TSCA (United States) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4 (a):

<u>Component</u>	<u>RQ (lbs)</u>
METHYL ALCOHOL	5000



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TOLUENE 1000
ACETONE 5000

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4 (b)

Materials without a "listed" RQ may be reportable as an "unlisted hazardous substance". See 40 CFR 302.5 (b).

SARA 302 Components - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A:

None

Section 311/312 Hazard Class - 40 CFR 370.2:

Immediate (X) Delayed (X) Fire (X) Reactive () Sudden Release of Pressure ()

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65:

Table with 3 columns: Section 313 Component(s), CAS Number, %

OSHA Process Safety Management - 29 CFR 1910:

None Listed

EPA Accidental Release Prevention - 40 CFR 68:

None Listed

International Regulations

Inventory Status:

Not determined

State and Local Regulations

California Proposition 65:

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer: BENZENE, ACETALDEHYDE, FORMALDEHYDE (GAS)

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm: TOLUENE, BENZENE

New Jersey RTK Label Information

METHYL ALCOHOL 67-56-1
TOLUENE 108-88-3
ACETONE 67-64-1
NAPHTHA, SOLVENT 64742-89-8

Pennsylvania RTK Label Information

METHANOL 67-56-1
BENZENE, METHYL- 108-88-3
2-PROPANONE 67-64-1



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ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES 64742-89-8

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.