

Material Safety Data Sheet



Date of issue 23 July 2009

Version 15

1. Product and company identification

Product name : EPOXY PRIMER GRAY
 Code : DP50LF
 Supplier : Refinish Products
 19699 Progress Drive
 Strongsville, OH 44149

Emergency telephone number : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)
 (514) 645-1320 (Canada)
 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

Technical Phone Number : (740) 363-9610 (DELAWARE, OH) 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. EST

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview : DANGER!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. SANDING AND GRINDING DUSTS MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. ASPIRATION HAZARD. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS. REPRODUCTIVE HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE ADVERSE REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS IN FEMALES.

Keep away from flames, such as a pilot light, and any object that sparks, such as an electric motor. Keep away from heat. Do not smoke. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : May be harmful if inhaled. Severely irritating to the respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat.

Ingestion : Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.

Skin : Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure : Pre-existing skin disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

2. Hazards identification

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) and epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	25068-38-6	10 - 30
barium sulfate	7727-43-7	10 - 30
heptan-2-one	110-43-0	7 - 13
Limestone	1317-65-3	5 - 10
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
toluene	108-88-3	3 - 7
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1 - 5
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	1 - 5
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	1 - 5
xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6	1 - 5
Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene and ethenol	25086-48-0	1 - 5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5
Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free	112926-00-8	0.5 - 1.5
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.

5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides
sulfur oxides
phosphorus oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the

7. Handling and storage

resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Storage

- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120F / 49C.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Name	Result	ACGIH	OSHA	Ontario	Mexico	PPG
barium sulfate	TWA	10 mg/m ³	5 mg/m ³ R 15 mg/m ³ TD	10 mg/m ³ TD	0.5 mg/m ³ (as Ba)	Not established
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm	100 ppm	25 ppm	50 ppm	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	100 ppm	Not established
Limestone	TWA	Not established	5 mg/m ³ R 15 mg/m ³ TD	10 mg/m ³ TD	10 mg/m ³	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	20 mg/m ³	Not established
titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³	15 mg/m ³ TD	10 mg/m ³ TD	10 mg/m ³ (as Ti)	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	20 mg/m ³ (as Ti)	Not established
toluene	TWA	20 ppm	200 ppm Z	50 ppm	50 ppm	Not established
	STEL	Not established	500 ppm Z A 300 ppm Z C	Not established	Not established	Not established
2-butoxyethanol	TWA	20 ppm	50 ppm	20 ppm	26 ppm	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	75 ppm	Not established
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm	100 ppm	50 ppm	50 ppm	Not established
	STEL	75 ppm	Not established	75 ppm	75 ppm	Not established
xylene	TWA	100 ppm	100 ppm	100 ppm	100 ppm	Not established
	STEL	150 ppm	Not established	150 ppm	150 ppm	Not established
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	TWA	2 mg/m ³ R	20 mppcf Z	2 f/cc 2 mg/m ³ R TD	2 mg/m ³	Not established
	STEL	Not established	1 f/cc Z	Not established	Not established	Not established
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm	Not	25 ppm	25 ppm	Not

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL	Not established	established Not established	Not established	35 ppm	established Not established
Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free	TWA	Not established	Not established	10 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³	Not established
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm	100 ppm	100 ppm	100 ppm	Not established
	STEL	125 ppm	Not established	125 ppm	125 ppm	Not established
Carbon black	TWA	3.5 mg/m ³	3.5 mg/m ³	3.5 mg/m ³	3.5 mg/m ³	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	7 mg/m ³	Not established
Quartz (SiO ₂)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³ R	10 mg/m ³ R Z 30 mg/m ³ TD Z 250 mppcf R Z	Not established	0.1 mg/m ³	Not established

Key to abbreviations

A	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	= Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR	= Respiratory sensitization
C	= Ceiling Limit	SS	= Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	TD	= Total dust
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
OSHA	= Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TWA	= Time Weighted Average
R	= Respirable	Z	= OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

- Eyes** : Safety glasses with side shields.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Gloves** : butyl rubber

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 26.67°C (80°F)
- Explosion limits** : Lower: 1.2%
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Specific gravity** : 1.41
- Density (lbs / gal)** : 11.77
- Vapor pressure** : 0.99 kPa (7.4 mm Hg)
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : 59% (v/v), 35.34% (w/w)
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : 78 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Octanol/water partition coefficient** : Not available.
- % Solid. (w/w)** : 64.66

10 . Stability and reactivity

- Stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids, oxidizing materials, strong alkalis
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) and epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
toluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	Vapor			
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	32772 mg/m ³	4 hours
	Vapor			
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	Vapor			
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	4000 ppm	4 hours
	Vapor			
Carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Defatting irritant? : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: lungs, brain, skin, central nervous system (CNS).
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, heart, lymphatic system, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, eyes, nose/sinuses, throat.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity : Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA

11 . Toxicological information

barium sulfate	A4	-	-	-	-	-
titanium dioxide	A4	2B	-	-	-	-
toluene	A4	3	-	-	-	-
2-butoxyethanol	A3	3	-	-	-	-
xylene	A4	3	-	-	-	-
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	A4	3	-	-	-	-
Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free	-	3	-	-	-	-
ethylbenzene	A3	2B	-	-	-	-
Carbon black	A4	2B	-	+	-	-
Quartz (SiO2)	A2	1	-	+	Proven.	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

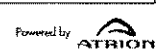
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
Developmental effects : Contains material which can cause developmental abnormalities.
Fertility effects : Contains material which can impair female fertility.

12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
barium sulfate	Acute EC50 32000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131000 to 137000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 5.5 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
toluene	Acute LC50 5800 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 1490000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 to 514000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 3300 to 4093 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 7720 to 8280 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4200 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 to 5700 ug/L Marine	Fish - Atlantic silverside - Menidia	96 hours



12 . Ecological information

	water	menidia	
	Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 3300 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Atlantic silverside - Menidia menidia	96 hours

13 . Disposal considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14 . Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Additional information
UN	1263	Paint	3	III	-
IMDG	1263	Paint	3	III	-
DOT	1263	Paint	3	III	-

PG* : Packing group

Reportable quantity RQ : CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: toluene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); xylene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); trizinc bis(orthophosphate); 2-butoxyethanol; 4-methylpentan-2-one: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg);

15 . Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand : Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : At least one component is not listed.

United States

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found.

15. Regulatory information

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: toluene; xylene; barium sulfate; Talc (Mg₃H₂(SiO₃)₄); Limestone; titanium dioxide; 2-butoxyethanol; heptan-2-one; 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene; 4-methylpentan-2-one

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:

toluene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; xylene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; barium sulfate: Immediate (acute) health hazard; Talc (Mg₃H₂(SiO₃)₄): Immediate (acute) health hazard; Limestone: Immediate (acute) health hazard; titanium dioxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard; 2-butoxyethanol: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; heptan-2-one: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; 4-methylpentan-2-one: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: toluene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); xylene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); trizinc bis(orthophosphate); 2-butoxyethanol; 4-methylpentan-2-one: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg);

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements

<u>Product name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
: trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	5 - 10
toluene	108-88-3	3 - 7
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1 - 5
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	1 - 5
xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Mexico

Classification

Flammability : 3 Health : 3 Reactivity : 0

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flammability : 3 Instability : 0

16 . Other information

Date of previous issue : 5/17/2009.

Organization that prepared the MSDS : EHS

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.